

Working with Municipalities to Initiate Stocking Activities: Winter Flounder in the Northeast US

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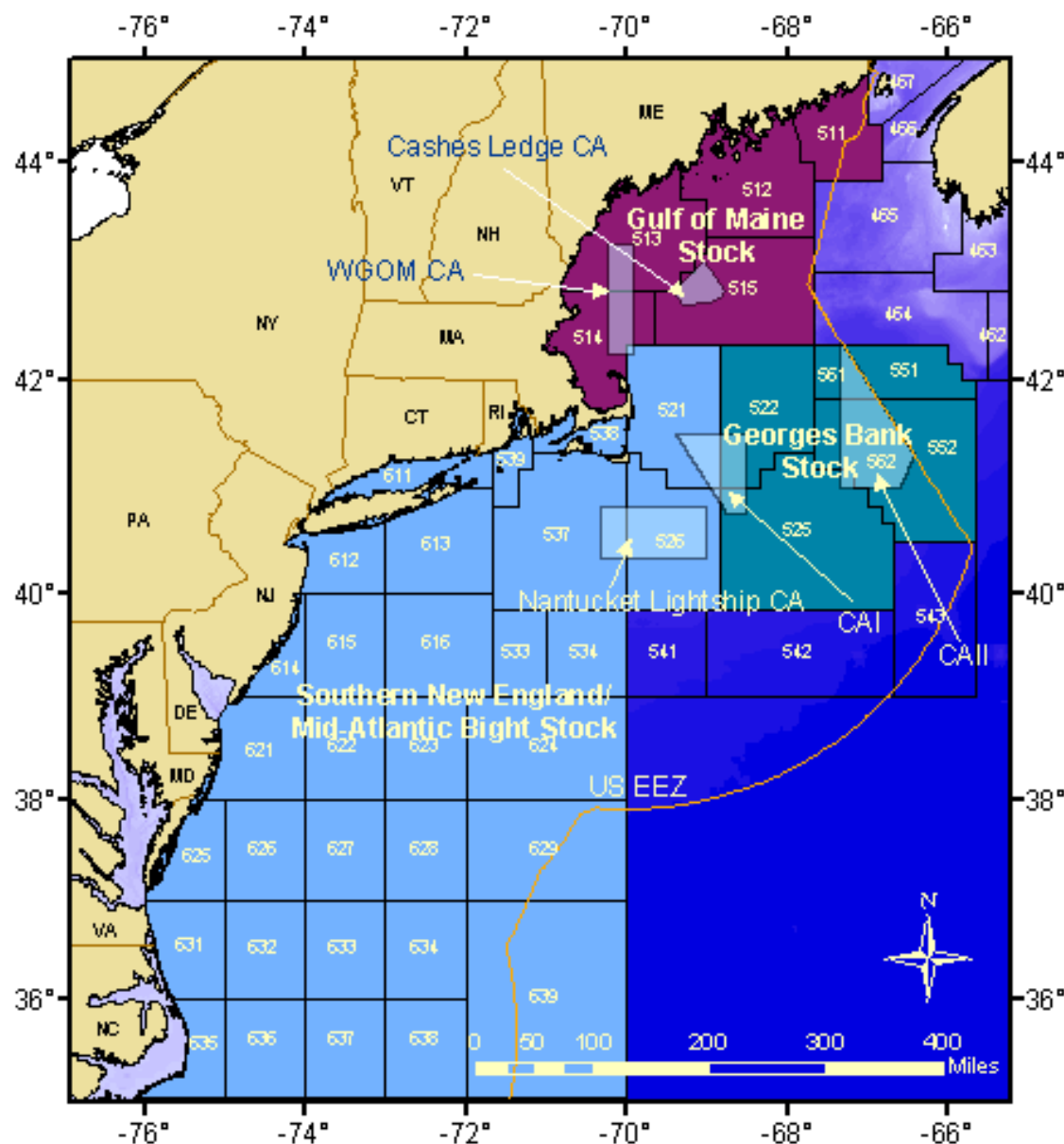


Winter Flounder

Pseudopleuronectes americanus



Important to both commercial and recreational fishermen in the Northeast US



$SSB < SS_{BMSY}$

All overfished

**SNE/MA SSB 2007
~ 9% SS_{BMSY}**

**If $F = 0$ for 2009-2014, only 1%
chance stock can
be rebuilt to
 SSB_{MSY} for 2014**

Figure 11.1. Statistical areas used to define the Gulf of Maine, Georges Bank, and Southern New England/Mid-Atlantic Bight winter flounder stocks.

(GARM III Report, NEFSC, 2008)

Stricter Regulations

- In federal waters:
 - No possession of SNE fish for federal multi-species permit holders
- In coastal waters:
 - Addendum I to FMP (ASMFC): help rebuild inshore stocks, protect spawning stocks
 - Daily limits
- CCA pushing for total closure, including state waters and recreational fishers

STOCK	COM.	REC.
SNE/MA	50 lbs	2 fish
GOM	250 lbs	8 fish
GB	250 lbs	8 fish

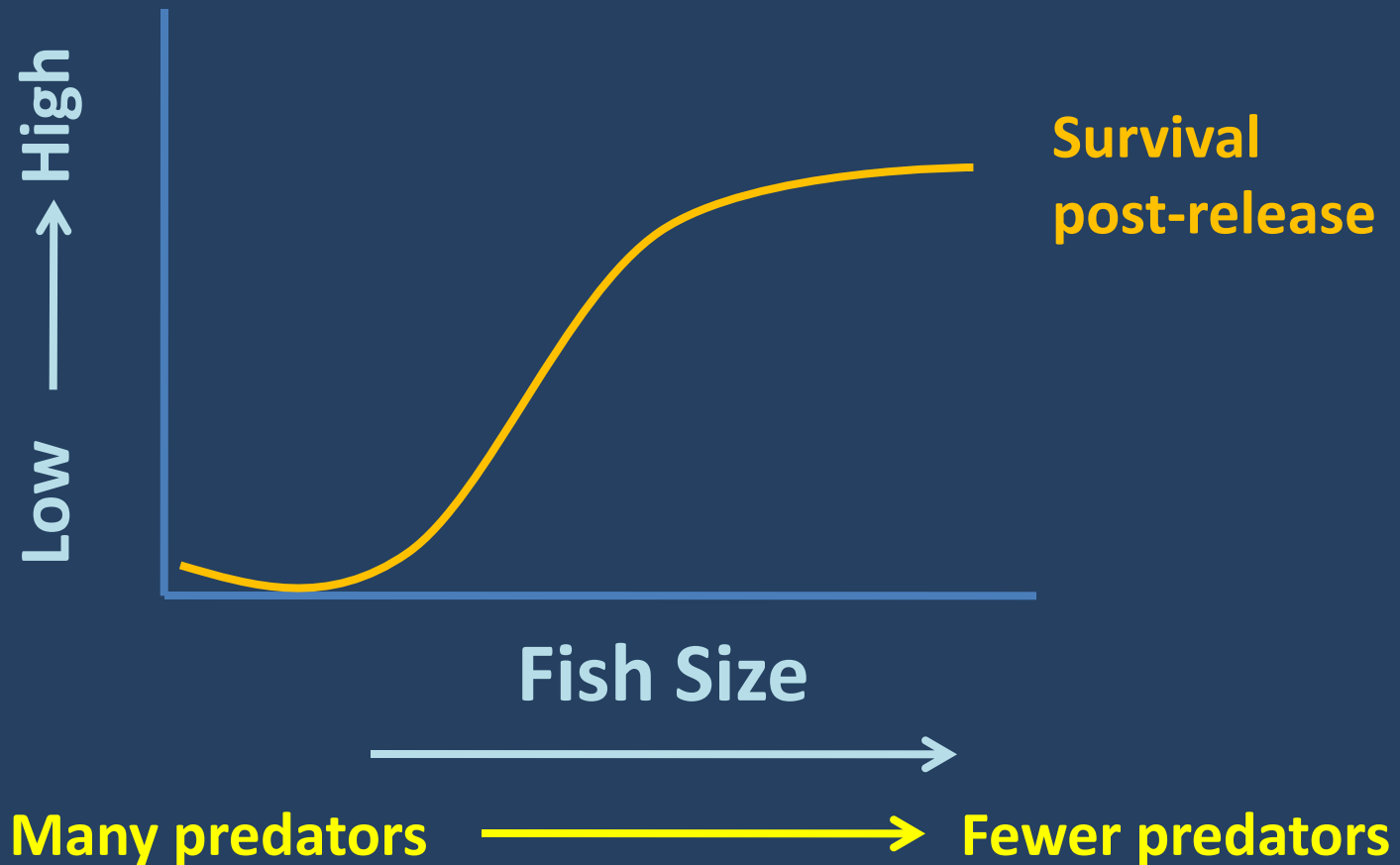
Culturing Techniques

FROM WILD



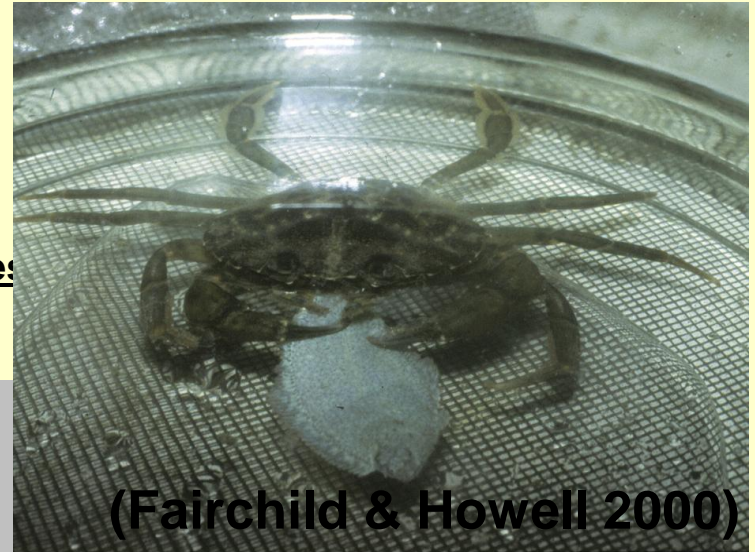
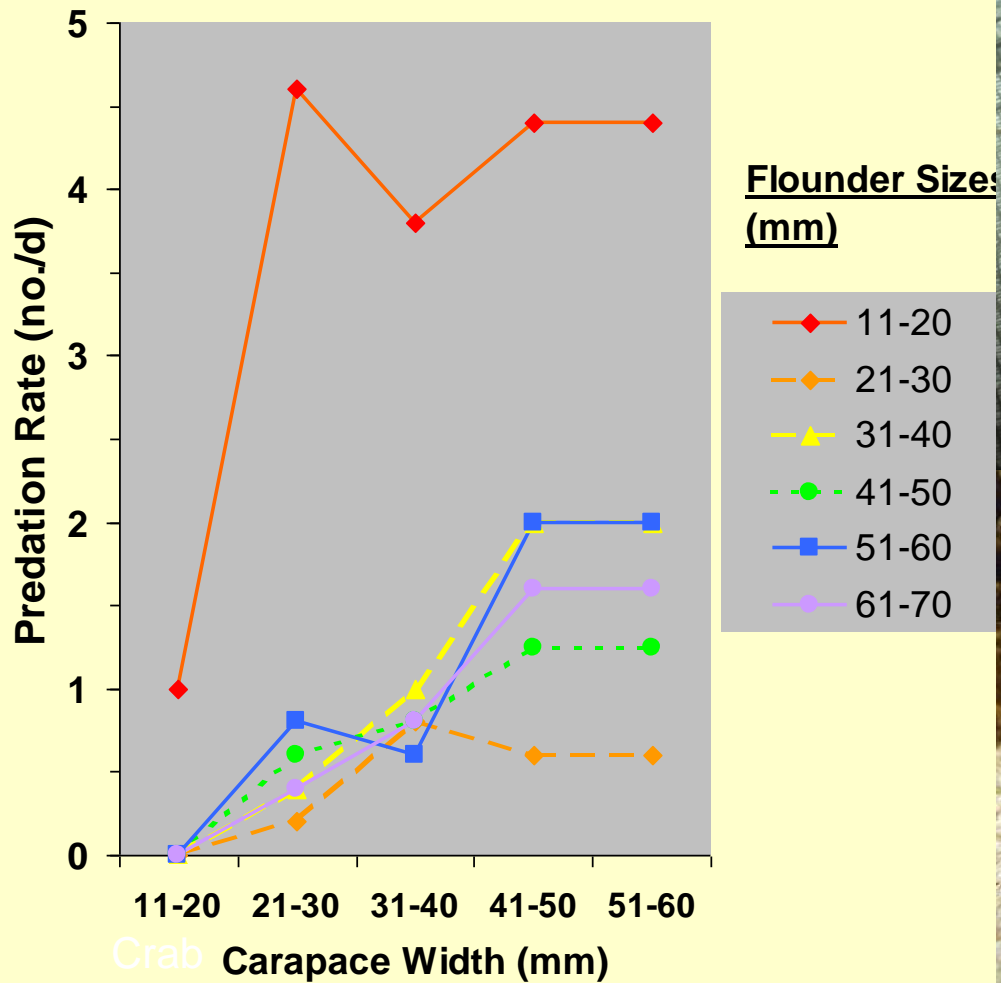
TO WILD

Size at release



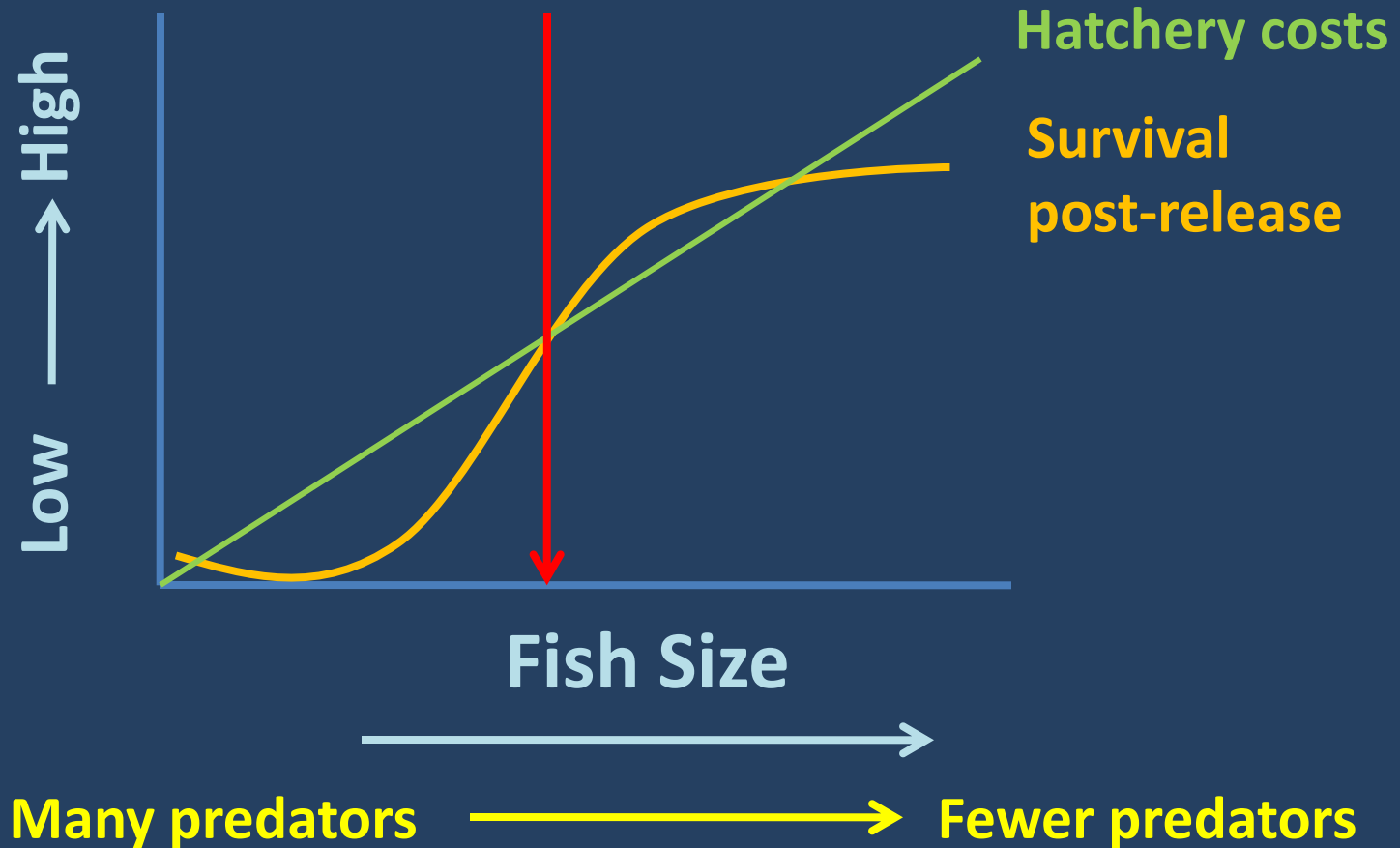
Release Size

Cultured Fish

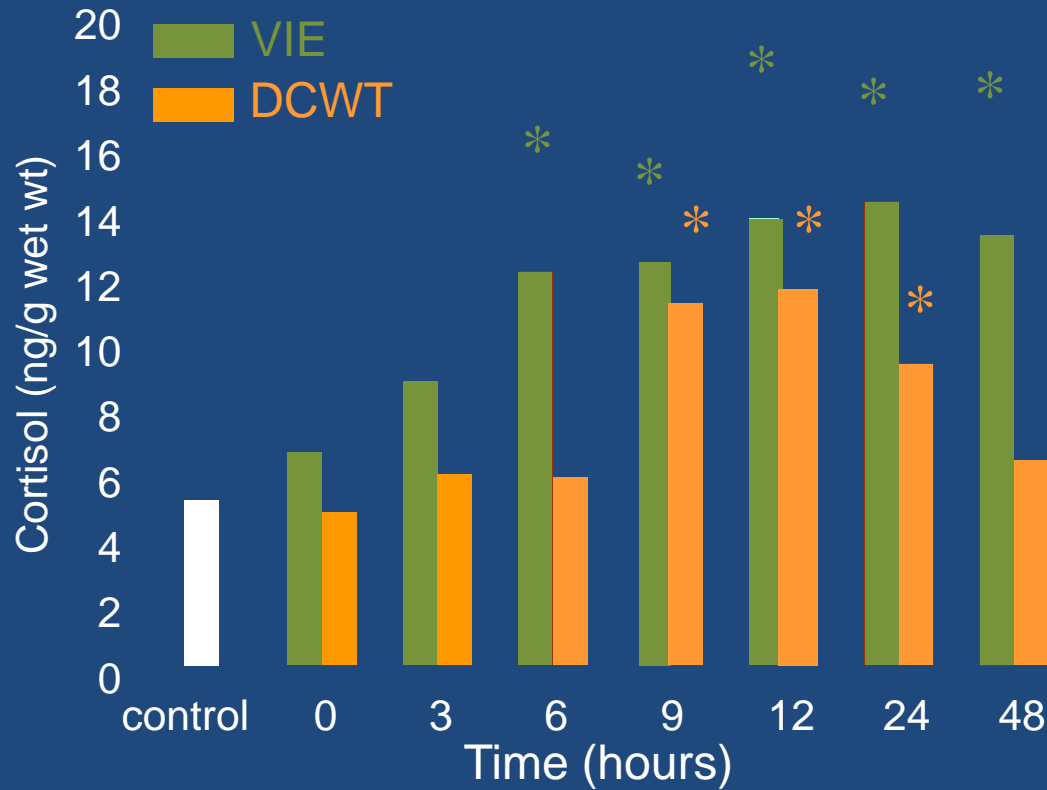


Size at release

Optimal release size



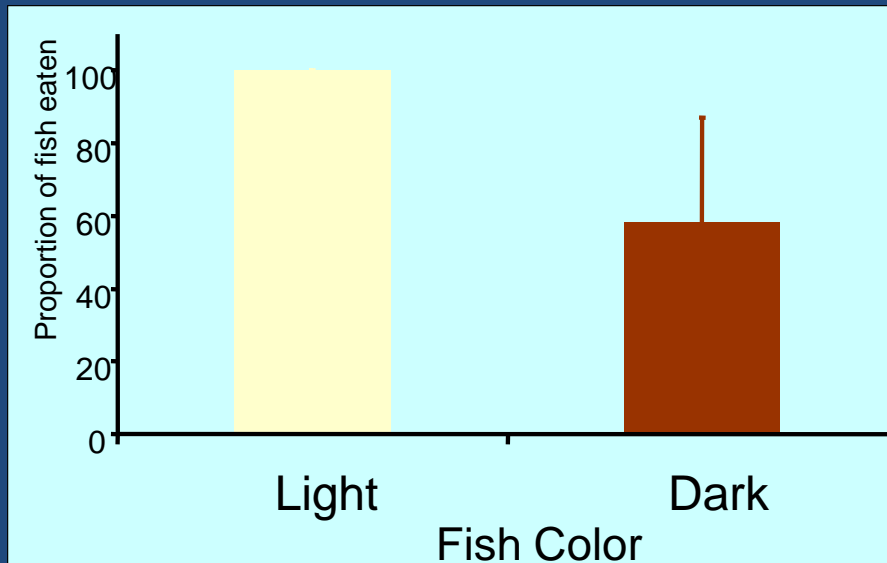
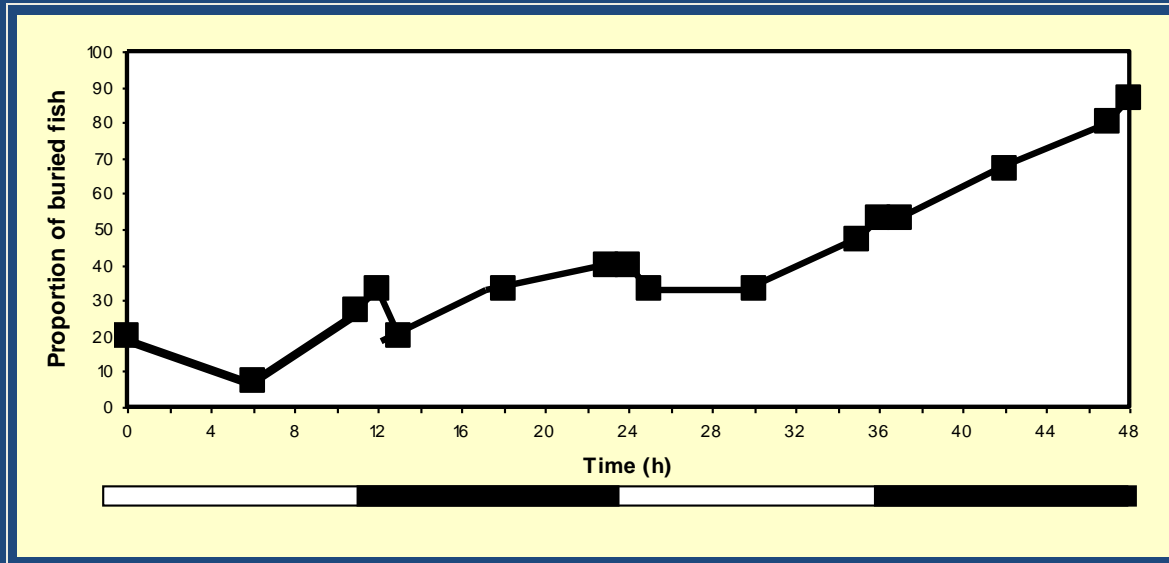
Tagging Methods



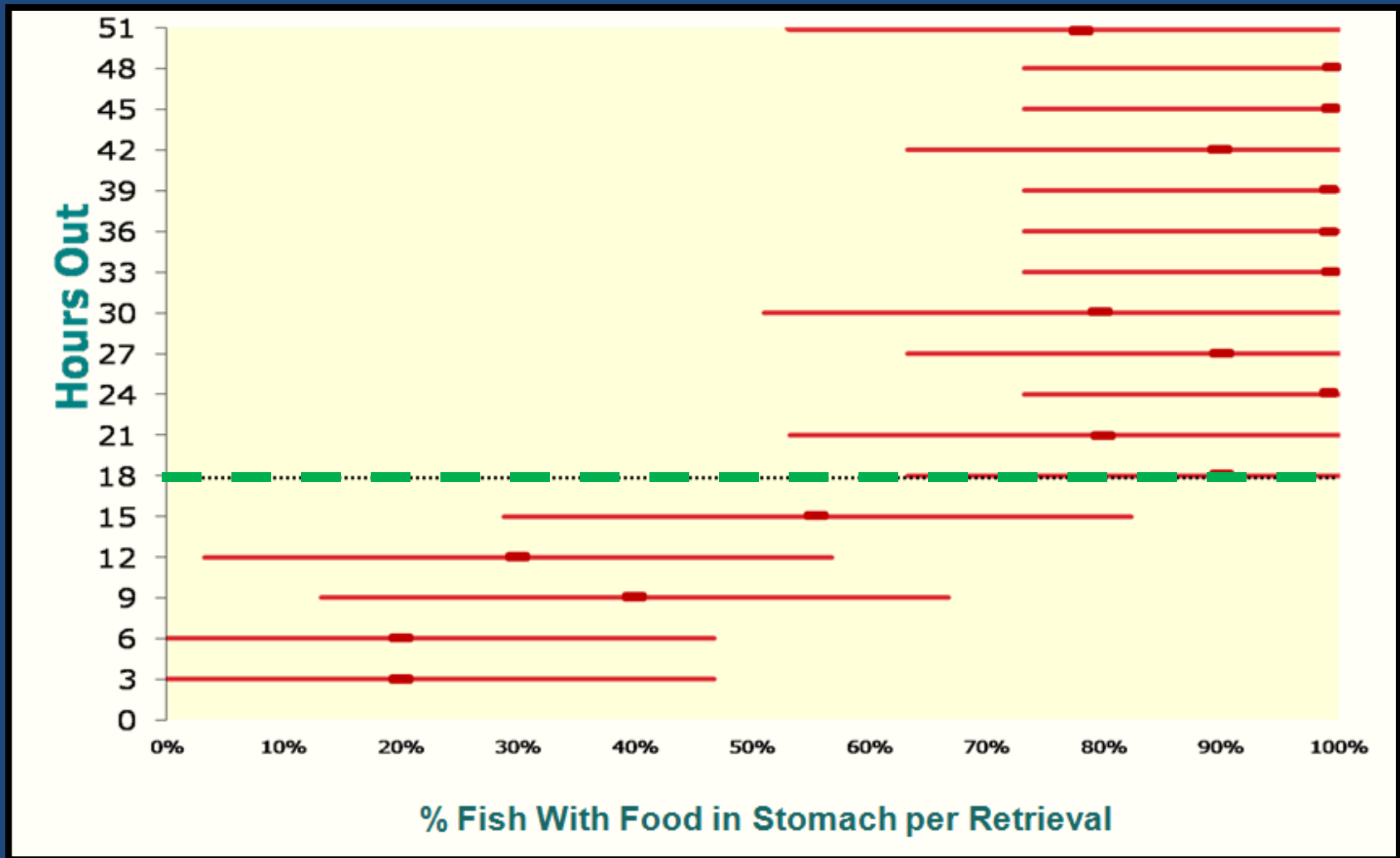
(Sulikowski et al. 2005)



Conditioning – Cryptic Behavior

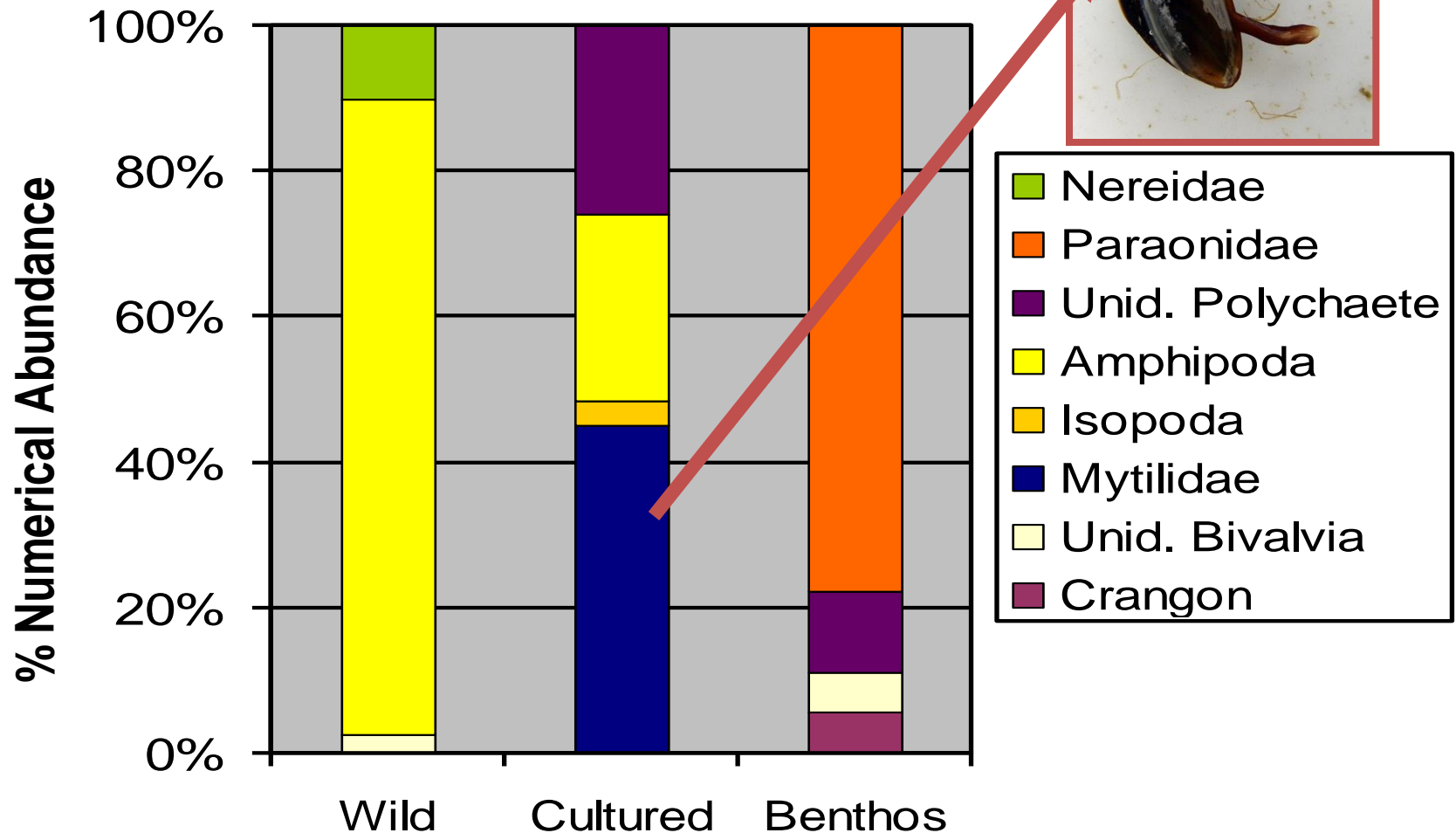


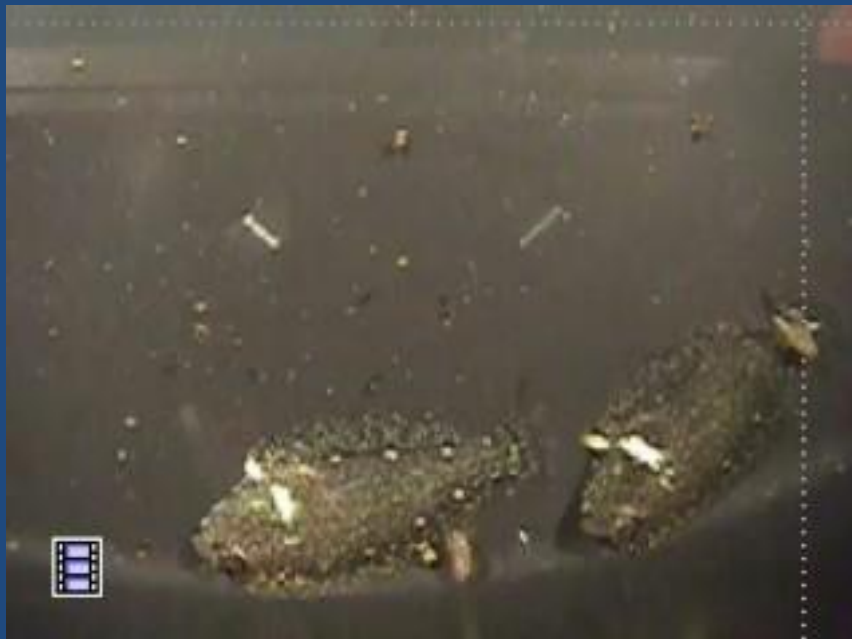
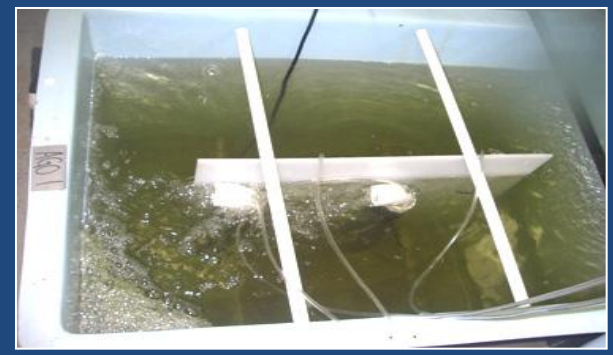
Conditioning – Foraging Behavior



(Walsh, 2012)

Conditioning – Foraging Behavior





Release Site



BEAM TRAWL

TMC

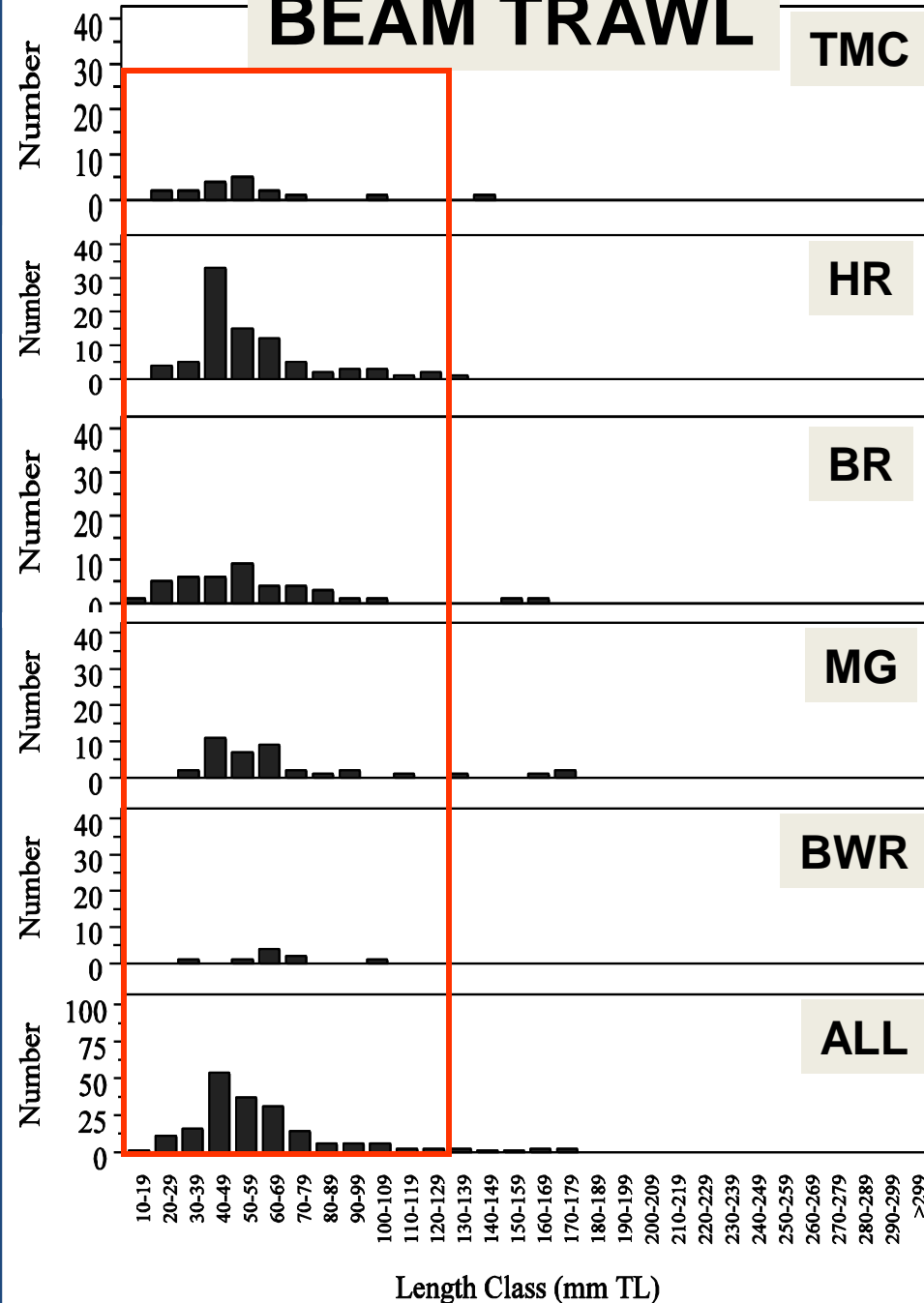
HR

BR

MG

BWR

ALL



CAGES

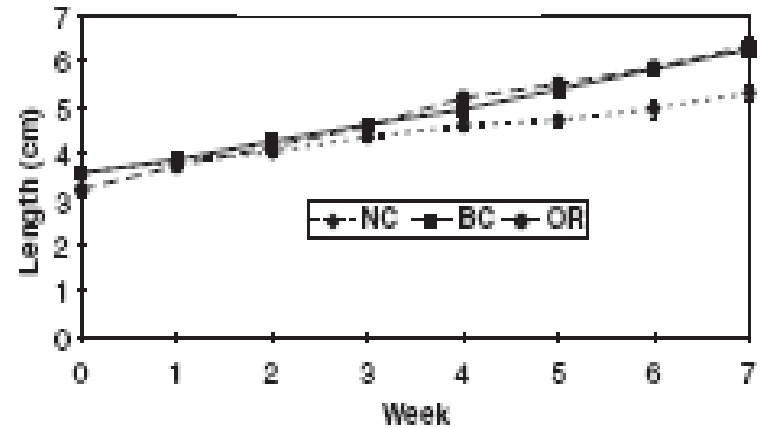


Figure 2 Mean growth (± 1 SEM) in length of cultured winter flounder held in pens at the three sites.

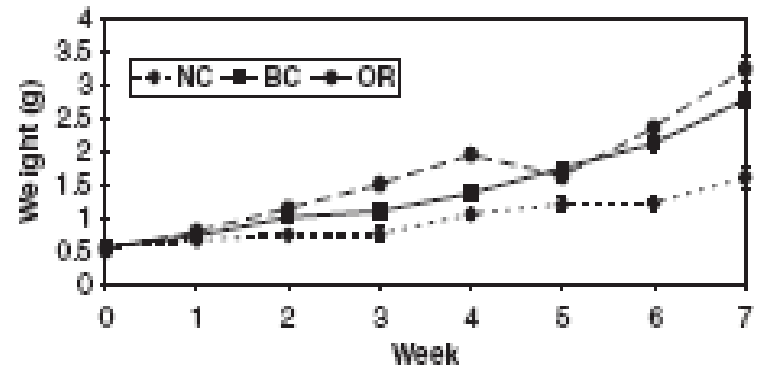
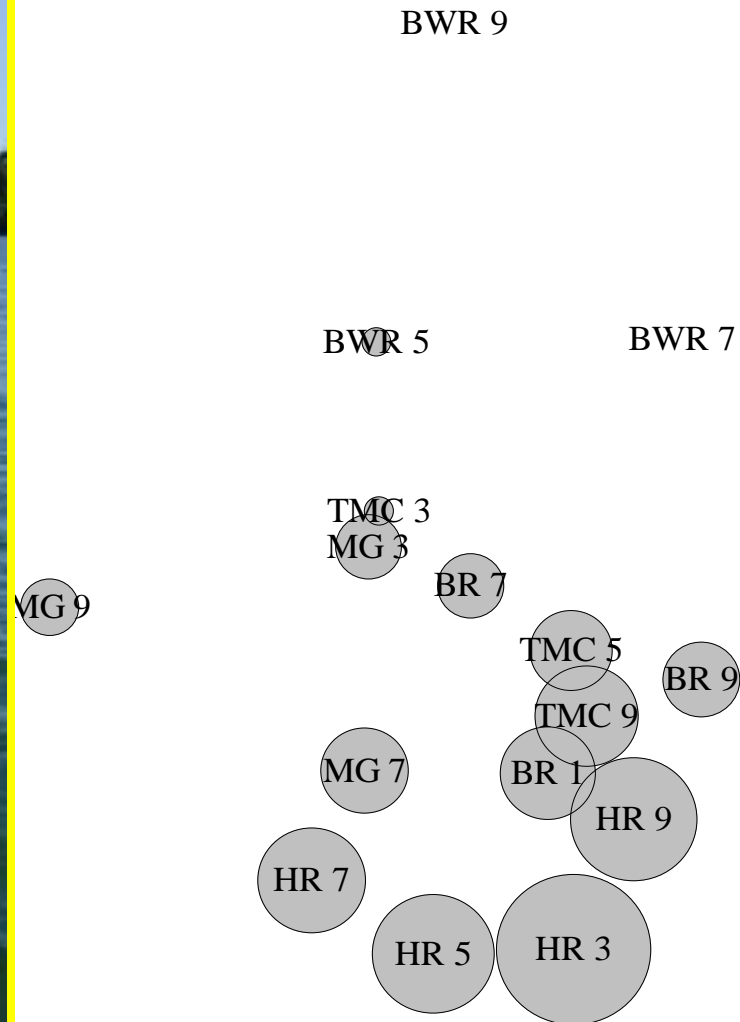
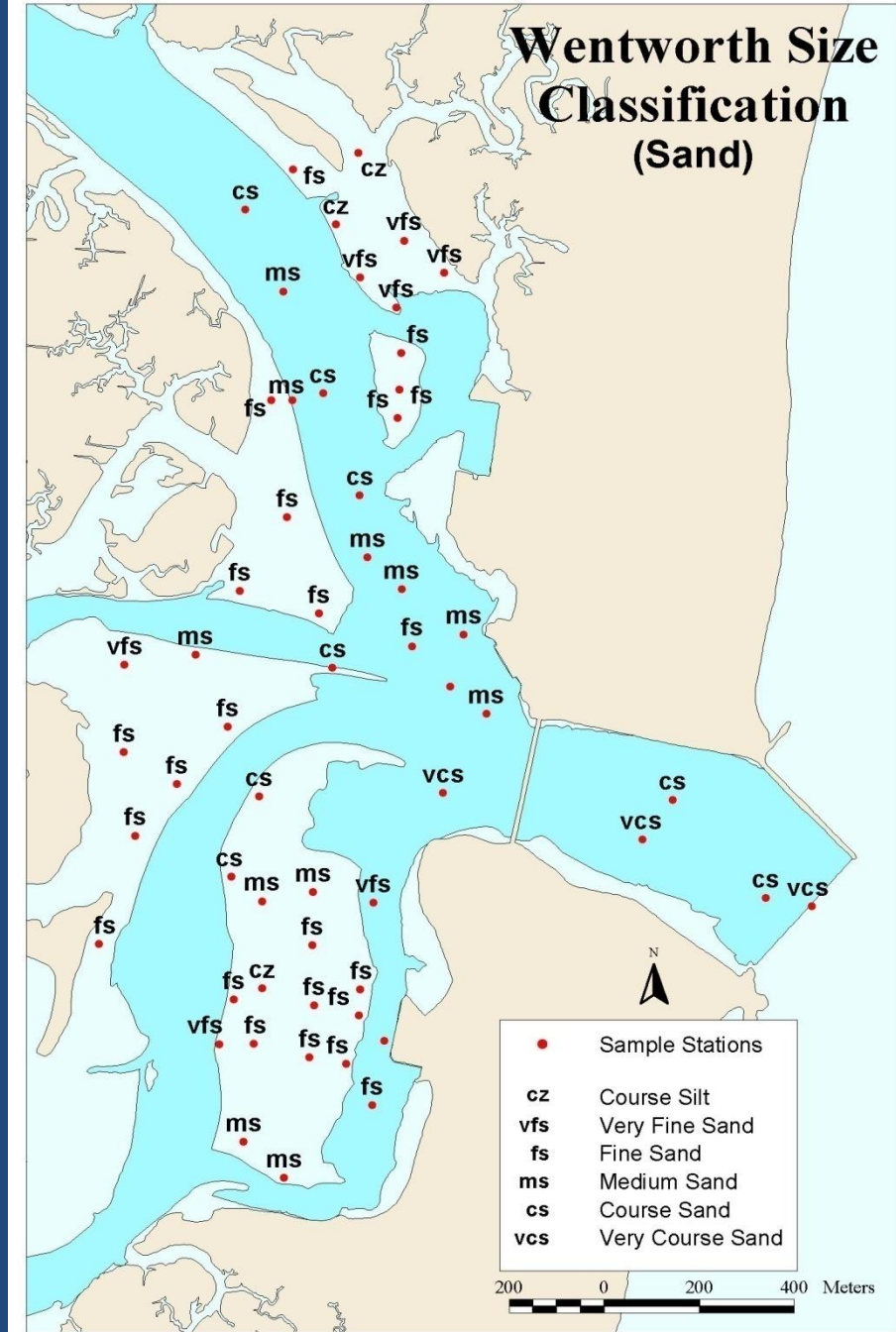


Figure 3 Mean growth (± 1 SEM) in weight of cultured winter flounder held in cages at the three sites.

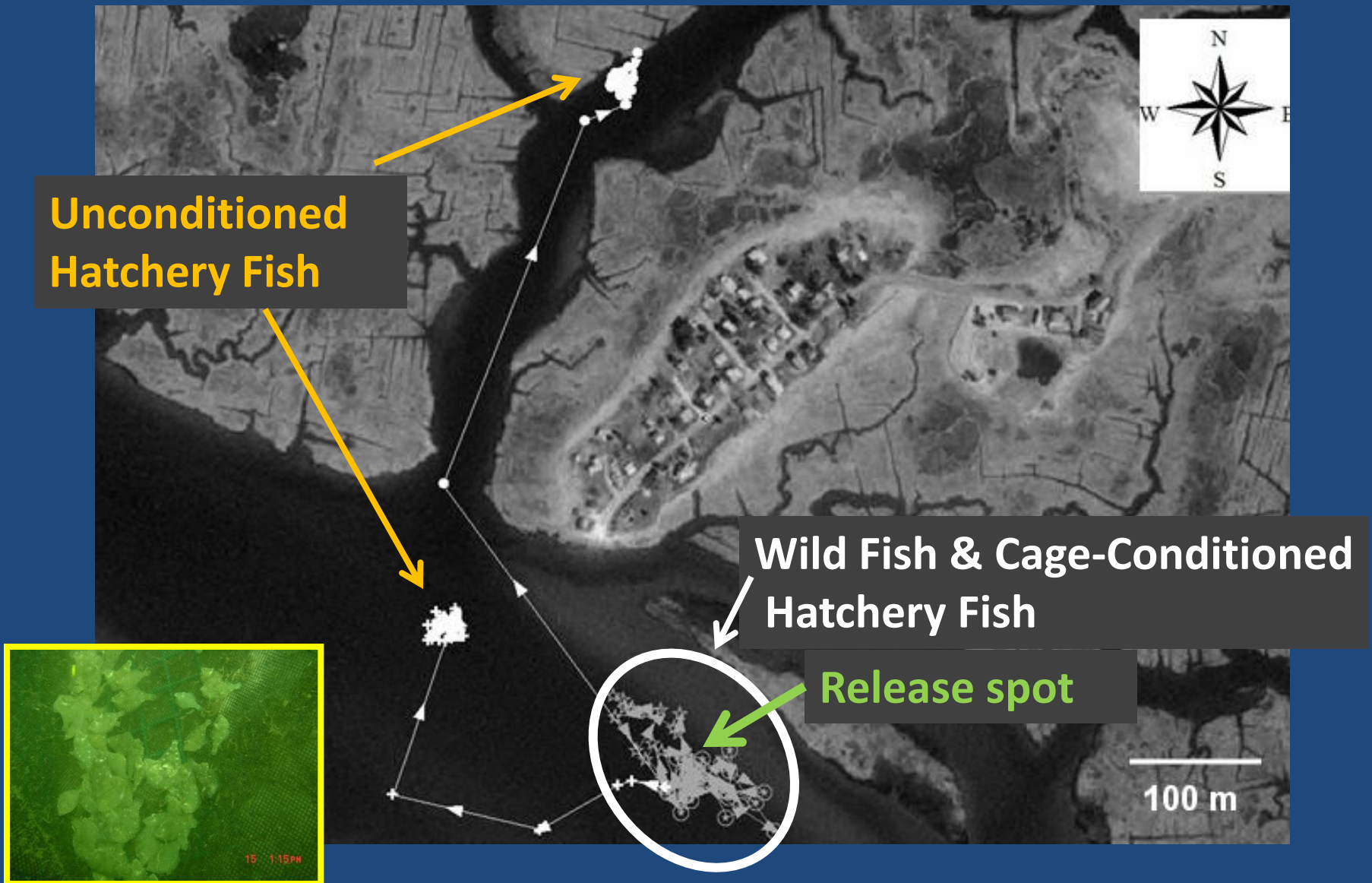
Release Site

Stress: 0.09





Benefits of Acclimизation



Modified Kernel Home Ranges

- 132-Modified
- 133-Modified
- 135-Modified
- 137-Modified

132Mod Kernel



133Mod Kernel



135Mod Kernel



137Mod Kernel



50% $P = 0.14$

Similar Habitats

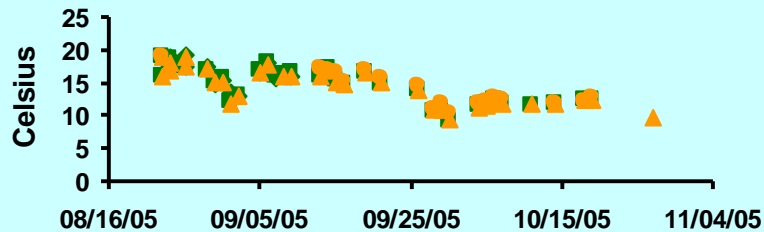


Cultured Fish

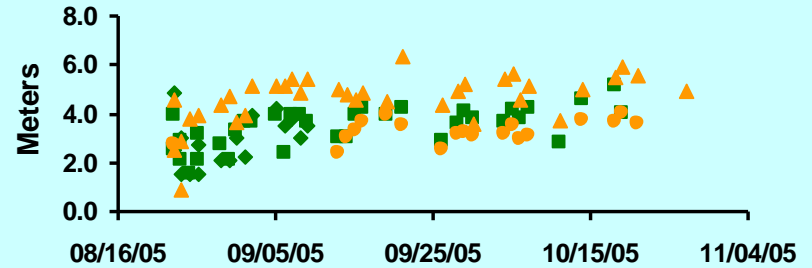


Wild Fish

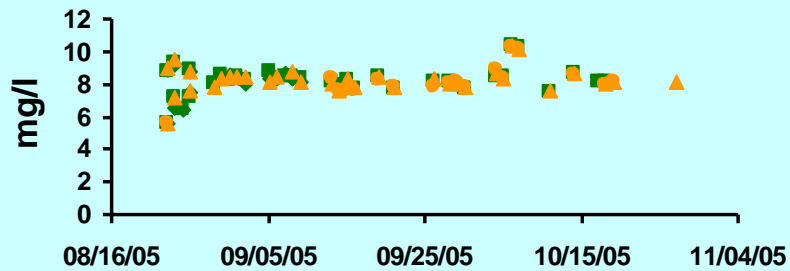
Temperature



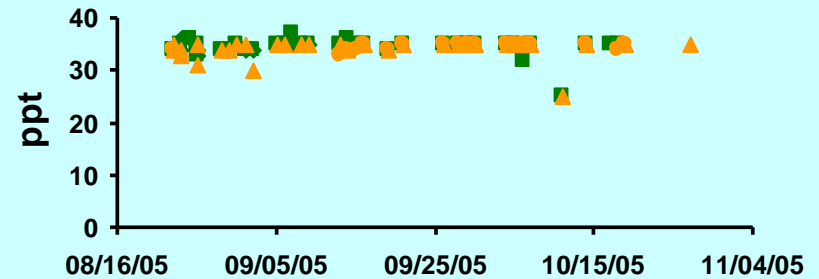
Depth



Dissolved Oxygen



Salinity



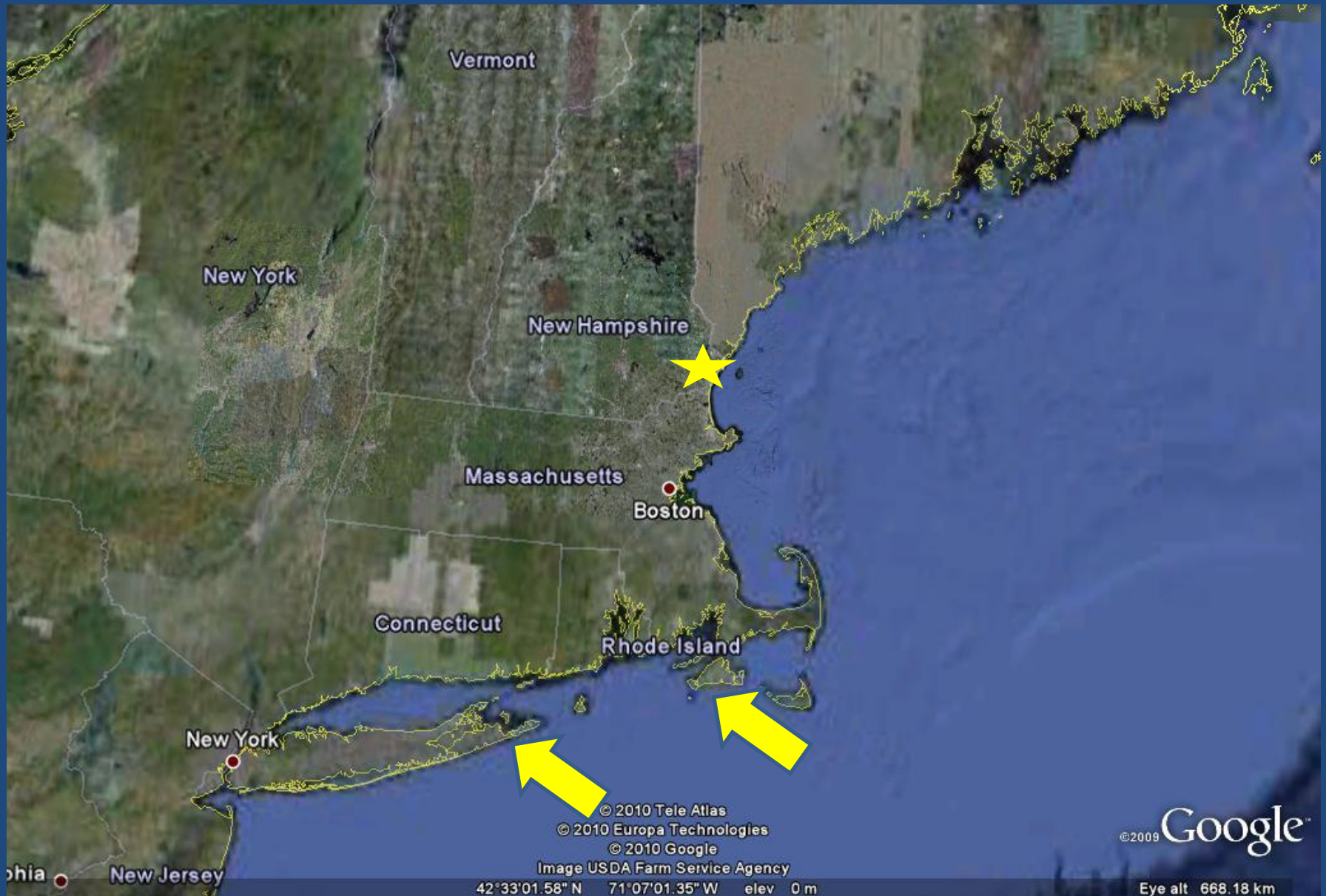
Research Phase - Experimental Releases

- ✓ Culturing techniques established
- ✓ Tagging studies completed
- ✓ Acclimation needs researched
- ✓ Acclimization benefits known
- ✓ Release strategies determined

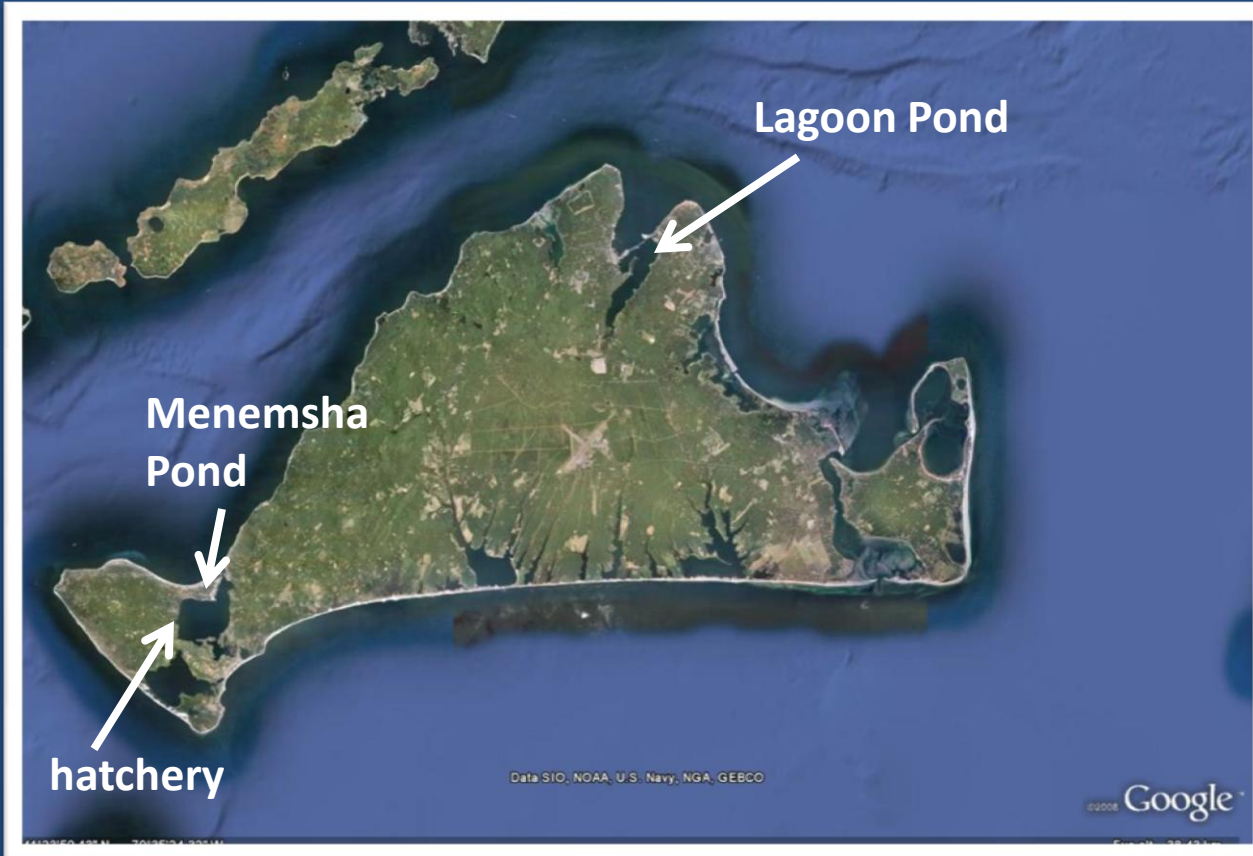
**Next step...large-scale pilot releases to
validate experimental studies**

Problem: Space limitations at UNH

A Regional Effort



Martha's Vineyard Group

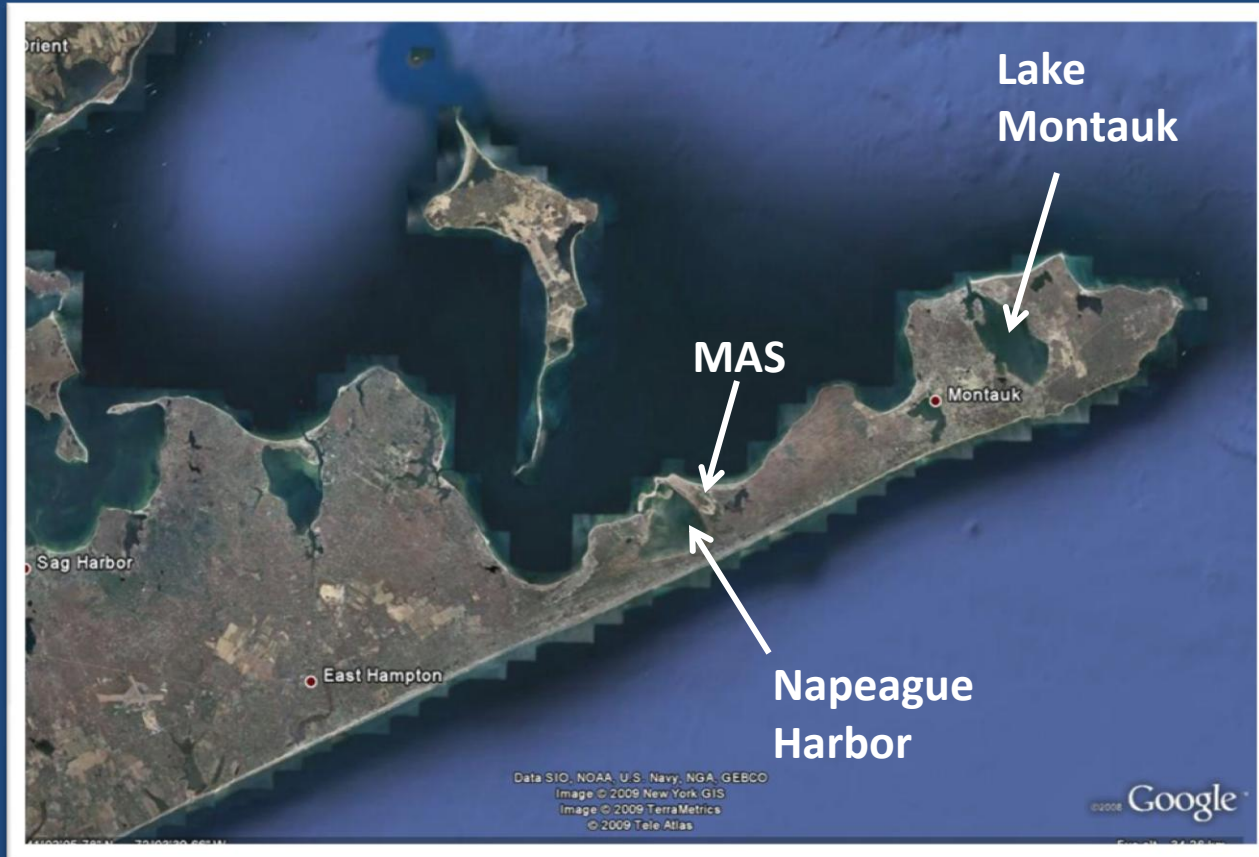


**Wampanoag Tribe of
Aquinnah**

**Martha's Vineyard /
Dukes County
Fishermen's
Association**

**2 potential release
areas**

East Hampton, NY Group



Town of East Hampton

**Multi Aquaculture
Systems Inc.**

**2 potential release
sites**

Action Plan

- Employ local work force to carry out project
- Use responsible approach
- Begin with eco-system analyses at potential release sites
- Evaluate if restocking makes sense
 - Habitat quality, prey availability, predator complexes, wild flounder population, water quality, carrying capacity
- Determine if subpopulations exist to determine broodstock origin

Potential Problems

- Lack of control of municipalities
 - Maintain scientific approach
 - Reign in gung-ho participants
- Common resource but municipalities feel ownership
- Expensive
 - Who pays? How?
- Regulatory framework for regionally stocked species doesn't exist yet

Bottom Line

- Still lots of uncertainties



“ A good solution applied with vigor now is better than a perfect solution applied ten minutes later.”

– George S. Patton, Jr.

- Option of conserving marine resource
- Provide economic value
- Transfer technology and implementation

Thanks!

